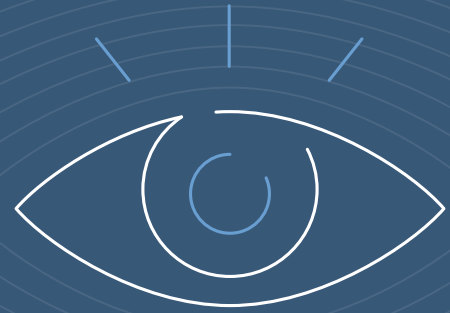


THE VIEW
FROM APOLLO

October 2025



What's Driving the Shift in Portfolio Construction: Private Credit, Private Equity, and the New Market Reality

In this episode of *The View from Apollo*, Akila Grewal, Apollo's Global Head of Product, explains how private credit's rise reflects structural fundamentals, not market froth, and how investors are rethinking liquidity, yield, and long-term opportunity across private markets.

Q: Akila, for listeners who may not know your role, what does it mean to be Apollo's Global Head of Product?

A: My job is to connect Apollo's investment engine with the needs of our clients. We sit at the intersection of markets and investors, making sure we're designing solutions that are timely, efficient, and aligned with portfolio goals. That might mean structuring vehicles across asset classes, creating bespoke mandates with specific liquidity profiles, or optimizing for various balance sheets. Our goal is always to deliver strong outcomes with risk management and capital preservation in mind—partnering with investors as their needs evolve.

Q: You joined Apollo in 2016 and have seen the firm transform. How has Apollo evolved, and what sets it apart from other firms in alternatives?

A: When I joined, Apollo was best known for distressed investing and private equity, which remain foundational. But since then, our credit business has scaled tremendously—thanks in part to Athene, our fixed annuity insurance platform. As Athene's balance sheet grew, so did the demand for credit-oriented assets. That helped us become one of the largest alternative credit platforms globally, with roughly \$800 billion in AUM, nearly 80% of which is in credit.

What truly differentiates Apollo is alignment. Athene can represent two-thirds of the capital alongside third-party investors. That kind of shared outcome—rather than just shared participation—creates a powerful alignment of interests. Combined with scale and discipline, it allows us to underwrite risk across the full return spectrum in a way few others can.

Listen to THE VIEW FROM APOLLO



The information herein is provided for educational purposes only and should not be construed as financial or investment advice, nor should any information in this document be relied on when making an investment decision. Opinions and views expressed reflect the current opinions and views of the authors and Apollo Analysts as of the date hereof and are subject to change. Please see the end of this document for important disclosure information.

Q: How do you see the current dynamics in the credit markets?

A: We're constructive on the opportunity set. Credit conditions are broadly supportive—earnings remain solid, the labor market continues to expand, and monetary policy is easing. Deal activity has picked up, with more M&A and new issuance. For event-driven investors, that's an attractive backdrop.

We're focused on areas like asset-based finance, which diversifies exposure beyond traditional corporate credit. You can find short-duration, high-quality investments backed by tangible collateral, often at investment-grade risk levels. We're also solving for capital structures that need more customized financing solutions—helping companies ring-fence assets, ladder maturities, or work with a single counterparty.

Q: There's been talk of a "private credit bubble." How do you respond to that?

A: We don't see private credit as a bubble. What's happening is a structural evolution in how the economy is financed. Private markets already represent the majority of US corporate earnings and employment. This is not a fad—it's an enduring shift.

That said, not all risk is equal. Some segments are overcapitalized or loosely underwritten, but we focus on high-quality assets with strong coverage and conservative loan-to-value ratios. Even in our sub-investment-grade portfolios, we seek to maintain significant downside protection.

Q: Apollo often highlights the private investment grade (IG) market as a \$40 trillion opportunity. Why is that so important right now?

A: The US corporate bond market has tripled in size over 25 years, to about \$11 trillion, and 90% of it is investment grade. Most of those bonds are uniform—senior unsecured with fixed coupons and bullet maturities. We see an opportunity to bring more creativity and flexibility to that market.

Investors are asking: Do I really need daily liquidity for 100% of my fixed income exposure? Often, the answer is no. By giving up some liquidity, they can earn meaningful excess spread while maintaining investment-grade risk. That's why the private IG and fixed income replacement space is growing so rapidly.

Q: Turning to private equity—how is Apollo approaching value creation and exits today?

A: The days of cheap leverage and multiple expansion are behind us. Our focus is on operational improvement and strategic value creation. Purchase price still matters—it's alpha at the buy. Our average entry multiple is around six times EBITDA versus the market's 12 times, which can make a difference for returns.

From there, it's about alpha at the build—driving transformation through operations, commercial strategy, and capital solutions. Then alpha at the exit, realizing value through disciplined timing. That approach—buy, build, and exit—is core to how Apollo has created value for 35 years.

Q: What about private equity secondaries? They've grown rapidly as investors seek liquidity.

A: Yes, volumes reached \$45 billion in Q1 alone—up 45% year-over-year. Investors and GPs are using secondaries to accelerate liquidity and gain exposure at discounts. It's a tool for mitigating J-curve effects and improving capital efficiency. We expect demand to remain strong, particularly for managers with deep underwriting and sourcing capabilities.

Q: Let's touch on real assets. Where do you see the most compelling themes ahead?

A: Three stand out: energy transition, digital infrastructure, and industrial decarbonization. These are trillion-dollar themes requiring massive financing. Global demand for energy transition alone could reach \$30–50 trillion, plus \$15–20 trillion for digital infrastructure. Those structural capital needs make us bullish on real assets, even in a higher-rate world.

Q: How are investors rethinking portfolio construction?

A: Investors are integrating private markets across portfolios, not as an afterthought but as a core component. They're focusing on risk-adjusted returns and total portfolio design—reducing volatility while balancing liquidity.

Secondaries are one tool; hybrid capital is another. We're spending a lot of time on structures that blend debt and equity—offering equity-like upside with credit-like downside protection. These hybrid strategies fit well in a “higher for longer” rate environment.

Q: When did you first notice this shift toward more private allocations?

A: It really took hold when large institutional investors started realizing they didn't need daily liquidity everywhere. One pension plan we work with actually substituted direct lending into its fixed income portfolio, replacing broadly syndicated loans. That kind of thinking—rethinking liquidity for better yield—is what's driving portfolio evolution today.

Q: How is Apollo evolving its product set to meet changing liquidity expectations?

A: Liquidity is no longer binary. Public doesn't always mean liquid, and private doesn't always mean illiquid. We see the two markets converging. Investors want access to private assets with flexible structures—semi-liquid or perpetual vehicles, for example—that align with their goals.

It's about packaging strong underlying assets in the format that best suits investor needs, rather than forcing them into a single model.

Q: Taking a global view, where do you see opportunity in Europe?

A: Europe is incredibly interesting right now. The continent faces huge financing needs—over \$3 trillion for clean energy, \$2 trillion for infrastructure, and \$1 trillion for defense by 2050. Yet non-bank lending still accounts for only about 12% of corporate financing. That gap represents enormous opportunity for private capital, and investors can still earn a 25–50 basis point premium over comparable US deals.

Q: Finally, on a personal note—how do you manage your time and energy leading across so many fronts?

A: Ruthless prioritization. It's about being intentional with how you spend your time and who you spend it with. I focus on where I can drive the most value and rely on a great team that shares that same mindset.

Note: The responses above have been edited for clarity and concision and do not represent a verbatim transcript of the podcast.

Podcast recorded on October 8, 2025.

The information herein is provided for educational purposes only and should not be construed as financial or investment advice, nor should any information in this document be relied on when making an investment decision. Opinions and views expressed reflect the current opinions and views of the authors and Apollo Analysts as of the date hereof and are subject to change. Please see the end of this document for important disclosure information.

Important Disclosure Information

This material is for educational and informational purposes only and should not be treated as research. This material may not be distributed, transmitted or otherwise communicated to others, in whole or in part, without the express written consent of Apollo Global Management, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Apollo").

The views and opinions expressed in this material are the views and opinions of the speaker(s) of the podcast. They do not necessarily reflect the views and opinions of Apollo and are subject to change at any time without notice. Further, Apollo and its affiliates may have positions (long or short) or engage in securities transactions that are not consistent with the information and views expressed in this material. There can be no assurance that an investment strategy will be successful. Historic market trends are not reliable indicators of actual future market behavior or future performance of any particular investment which may differ materially, and should not be relied upon as such. Target allocations contained herein are subject to change. There is no assurance that the target allocations will be achieved, and actual allocations may be significantly different than that shown here. This material does not constitute an offer of any service or product of Apollo. It is not an invitation by or on behalf of Apollo to any person to buy or sell any security or to adopt any investment strategy, and shall not form the basis of, nor may it accompany nor form part of, any right or contract to buy or sell any security or to adopt any investment strategy. Nothing herein should be taken as investment advice or a recommendation to enter into any transaction.

Unless otherwise noted, information included herein is presented as of the dates indicated. This material is not complete and the information contained herein may change at any time without notice. Apollo does not have any responsibility to update the material to account for such changes. Apollo has not made any representation or warranty,

expressed or implied, with respect to fairness, correctness, accuracy, reasonableness, or completeness of any of the information contained herein, and expressly disclaims any responsibility or liability therefore. The information contained herein is not intended to provide, and should not be relied upon for, accounting, legal or tax advice or investment recommendations. Investors should make an independent investigation of the information contained herein, including consulting their tax, legal, accounting or other advisors about such information. Apollo does not act for you and is not responsible for providing you with the protections afforded to its clients.

Certain information contained herein may be "forward-looking" in nature. Due to various risks and uncertainties, actual events or results may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking information. As such, undue reliance should not be placed on such information. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of terminology including, but not limited to, "may", "will", "should", "expect", "anticipate", "target", "project", "estimate", "intend", "continue" or "believe" or the negatives thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology.

Investing involves risk including loss of principal. Alternative investments often are speculative, typically have higher fees than traditional investments, often include a high degree of risk and are appropriate only for eligible long-term investors who are willing to forgo liquidity and put capital at risk for an indefinite period of time. They may be highly illiquid and can engage in leverage and other speculative practices that may increase volatility and risk of loss.

Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Additional information may be available upon request.

To learn more, visit ApolloAcademy.com